

85. Family DRYOMYZIDAE

By Brian R. Pitkin & Neal L. Evenhuis

This is a small family of about 15 species in 3 genera found mainly in the Holarctic region. Only 1 widespread species is recorded from the Australasian/Oceanian Regions. Hennig (1973) placed *Baeoptera* in this family. It is treated in this catalog under Coelopidae.

Very little is known about the habits or life his-

tory of Dryomyzidae. The larvae are apparently saprophagous, developing in mushrooms and dung. The adults are usually found in humid, shady situations among low vegetation.

Refs.: Steyskal (1957*b*, world rev.; 1977*e*, cat. Oriental spp.), Soós (1984, cat. Palearctic spp.).

Genus DRYOMYZA Fallén

DRYOMYZA Fallén, 1820*d*: 15. Type species: *Dryomyza vetula* Fallén, 1820 [= *Musca flaveola* Fabricius, 1794], des. Westwood, 1840: 145.

DRYOPE Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830: 618. Type species: *Dryope communis* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830 [= *Musca flaveola* Fabricius, 1794], des. Coquillett, 1910: 536.

STENODRYOMYZA Hendel, 1924: 214 (*Dryomyza* subg.). Type species: *Scathophaga formosa* Wiedemann, 1830, orig. des.

semicyanea Walker, 1858*b*: 109. Indonesia (Maluku); PNG (PNG).