SOLITARY SANDPIPER

Tringa solitaria

non-breeding visitor, vagrant

T.s. cinnamomea

Solitary Sandpipers breed from Alaska across Canada and winter in Mexico through sc. S America (AOU 1998). They have occurred as vagrants to Europe, Africa, Clipperton I (Cramp and Simmons 1983, Howell et al. 1993), and the Hawaiian Islands, where a few fall vagrants and one wintering bird have appeared in the *Southeastern Hawaiian Islands*.

The first record was of a bird at the Puna Mill Sugar Company settling basins near Kea'au, *Hawai'i*, 14 Sep 1983 (*E* 45:73, <u>HRBP</u> 0301). Another individual showed up on Hawai'i near Kona, probably in mid-Sep but was fully documented at Opaeula Pond, 6 Oct 2000. There are also two records for *O'ahu*, at Waipi'o Peninsula and the Honouliuli Unit of PHNWR 17 Jan-24 Apr 1990 and at the Ki'i Unit of JCNWR 25 Sep-5 Oct 2002 (<u>HRBP</u> 5034, 5171-5172, published *NAB* 57:135). Photographs of the Ki'i bird are consistent with a first-year individual of the expected w. N American subspecies *T.s. cinnamomea*.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

Literature cited

Citation: Pyle, R.L., and P. Pyle. 2009. The Birds of the Hawaiian Islands: Occurrence, History, Distribution, and Status. B.P. Bishop Museum, Honolulu, HI, U.S.A. Version 1 (31 December 2009) http://hbs.bishopmuseum.org/birds/rlp-monograph/