

LONG-TAILED DUCK

Clangula hyemalis

Other: Oldsquaw (<2002)

monotypic

non-breeding visitor, vagrant

This species breeds in arctic and subarctic regions of Eurasia and N America and winters in coastal waters S to Japan, n. California (rarely to Mexico), and c. Atlantic coasts (Dement'ev and Gladkov 1952, Cramp and Simmons 1977, AOU 1998). Long-tailed Ducks have occurred once in the *Northwestern Hawaiian Islands* and twice in the *Southeastern Hawaiian Islands*: a first-fall male was found dead on a beach at Sand I., *Midway* 23 Nov 1958 (*E* 19:57-58, 20:47; BPBM 6678, labeled “female”; [HRBP](#) 5660-5663 of specimen); a first-winter male was seen daily in Haleiwa, *O'ahu* 4 Dec 1993-9 Feb 1994 (*FN* 48:252; Engilis et al. 2004); and a female was at the Kona STP, *Hawai'i I* 3 Jan-4 Jun 1998 (Engilis et al. 2004).

[Acronyms and Abbreviations](#)

[Literature cited](#)

Citation: Pyle, R.L., and P. Pyle. 2017. The Birds of the Hawaiian Islands: Occurrence, History, Distribution, and Status. B.P. Bishop Museum, Honolulu, HI, U.S.A. Version 2 (1 January 2017) <http://hbs.bishopmuseum.org/birds/rlp-monograph/>