

Family DIXIDAE

Members of the family Dixidae, commonly called meniscus midges, are a cosmopolitan family of delicate nematocerous flies. Adults of extant forms do not feed and can be found resting on overhanging vegetation near the edges of streams and ponds in which the immatures live.

In addition to the determined material listed below, undetermined material has been recorded from the Lower Cretaceous Koonwarra Formation in southern Australia (Jell & Duncan, 1986) and the Oligocene/Miocene amber of the Dominican Republic (Poinar, 1992).

Refs.: Nowell (1951, world checklist, bibliography); Hennig (1966b, Baltic amber taxa).

Genus DIXA Meigen

***DIXA** Meigen, 1818: 216. Type species: *Dixa maculata* Meigen, 1818, by subsequent designation of Curtis (1832: pl. 409).

ERIOPTERITES Meunier, 1915b: 15. Type species: *Eriopterites tertaria* Meunier, 1915, by monotypy.

cimbrica Ansorge, 1992: 514. PA: Denmark (Paleocene/Eocene) [C].

contigua Keilbach, 1982: 360. *Nomen nudum*.

minuta Meunier, 1906f: 395. PA: Baltic Region (Eocene/Oligocene) [A].

priscula Cockerell, 1921c: 466. PA: UK (England) (Eocene/Oligocene) [C].

tertaria Meunier, 1915b: 15 (*Eriopterites*). PA: Germany (Oligocene) [C].

hyalipennis Théobald, 1937a: 346. PA: France (Oligocene) [C].

Genus DIXELLA Dyar & Shannon

***DIXELLA** Dyar & Shannon, 1924: 200 (as *Dixa* subgenus). Type species: *Dixella lirio* Dyar & Shannon, 1924, by monotypy.

***PARADIXA** Tonnoir, 1924: 223 (as *Dixa* subgenus). Type species: *Dixa neozelandica* Tonnoir, 1924, by subsequent designation of Edwards (1932: 9).

distans Hennig, 1966b: 11 (*Paradixa*). PA: Baltic Region (Eocene/Oligocene) [A].
New combination.

filiforceps Hennig, 1966b: 11 (*Paradixa*). PA: Baltic Region (Eocene/Oligocene) [A]. **New combination.**

succinea Meunier, 1906f: 395 (*Dixa*). PA: Baltic Region (Eocene/Oligocene) [A]. **New combination.**