HYMENOPTERA: CHALCIDOIDEA: MYMARIDAE OF SOUTH GEORGIA¹

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Abstract: Notomymar aptenosoma n. gen., n. sp. is described here from South Georgia.

Material taken on South Georgia Island from nests of pelagic birds and processed in a Berlese funnel yielded a series of five apterous Mymarids (2 \Im , 3 \Im). These belong to the tribe Anaphini according to the classification proposed by Annecke & Doutt (1961), and are representative of a new genus. They apparently evolved from the same stock that produced the other Anaphini peculiar to the Southern Hemisphere which possess a 3-segmented club in the \Im sex, namely the genera *Idiocentrus* and *Polynemoidea*,

Genus Notomymar Doutt and Yoshimoto, new genus

Type: Notomymar aptenosoma new species.

Head somewhat cubical, flattened, both dorsally and ventrally, wider than thorax; eyes lateral with few setae, large ommatidia; ocelli very reduced, small and widely spaced; mandibular teeth very small, antenna with 6 funicle and 3 club segments, 3 flagellum of 9 segments; prothorax large, wide, well developed; scutum small, without parapsidal sutures; scutellum broad, posterior border not strongly curved, nearly transverse, anterior portion divided by 2 oblique sutures; mesophragma not projecting into abdomen; ovipositor small, not exserted.

Notomymar aptenosoma Doutt and Yoshimoto, new species.

- Q. Head brown, body yellowish brown, paler beneath, abdominal dorsal bands light brown, legs pallid, scape and pedicel pallid, flagellum light brown. Head flattened dorsally; ocelli very small, difficult to see, widely spaced; eyes with large ommatidia, some setae (Fig. 1C); head wider than thorax, face perpendicular to vertex, scrobes slightly impressed; antenna (Fig. 1B) with 6 short funicle segments, the 6th the largest, club wider than funicle, 3-segmented. Apterous. Thorax (Fig. 1C) with large prothorax, prothoracic spiracles barely discernible at extreme posterolateral margins; scutum short, transverse, reduced, without parapsidal furrows; scutellum with 2 oblique sutures on anterior portion, posterior border barely curved, nearly transverse; mesophragma not projecting into abdomen. Thorax smooth without appreciable sculpturing. Legs normal, pretarsi with large arolia. Abdomen without petiole, ovipositor without hypogynium, ovipositor not exserted, short, originating in posterior 1/2 of abdomen.
- β . Body darker brown than φ , legs and mouthparts brown, eyes red. Antenna with 9 flagellar segments. Apterous. Head and thorax similar to φ (Fig. 1A).

Holotype $\[\]$ (BISHOP 8855), and allotype $\[\]$, collected in Berlese funnel, BI-9D, Bird I., North Valley, South Georgia, 20.XII.1962, B. Clagg. Paratypes: 1 $\[\]$, taken with holotype; 1 $\[\]$ and 1 $\[\]$, collected in Berlese funnel, BI-198B, Bird I., Freshwater Bay, South Georgia, 18.IV.1963. Harry Clagg, collector.

Holotype, allotype and 2 paratypes deposited at B. P. Bishop Museum. 1 paratype \c retained

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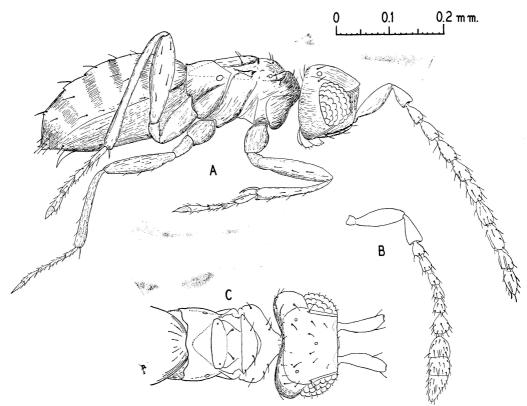


Fig. 1. Notomymar aptenosoma, n. sp. A, &, lateral view; B, antenna of \u2204; C, Head and thorax, \u2204, dorsal view

at California Insect Survey Collection, University of California, Berkeley.

This apterous genus is distinguished by its small scutum, large prothorax, peculiarly shaped head, reduced ocelli and the antennal formula of 6 funicle and 3 club segments. This combination readily separates *Notomymar* from its nearest relatives in *Idiocentrus* and *Polynemoidea* which have wings, a large scutum with parapsidal furrows, large ocelli and differently shaped heads, but have the same antennal formula and divided scutellum.

LITERATURE CITED

Annecke, D. P. & R. L. Doutt. 1961. The genera of the Mymaridae (Hymenoptera: Chalcidoidea). Dept. Agr. Tech. Serv. Rept. S. Africa, Ent. Mem. 5: 71 pp.